

<p><b><u>Links to Prior Learning</u></b></p> <p>Big Blue – classifying</p> <p>Rocks and Metals – fossils</p> <p>Scrumdiddlyumptious - ?</p> <p>Urban Pioneers – locate countries etc</p>	<p><b><u>Substantive Knowledge</u></b></p> <p>Describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, amphibian, insect and bird</p> <p>Describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals</p> <p>Describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences including micro-organisms, plants and animals</p> <p>Give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics</p> <p>Recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago</p> <p>Recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents</p> <p>Identify how plants and animals are adapted to suit their environment and that adaptation may lead to evolution (Science)</p> <p>locate the world’s countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities (Geog)</p>	<p><b><u>Cultural Capital</u></b></p> <p>Book: The Origin of the Species</p> <p>Art: Darwin’s drawings and other observational drawings of plants and animals</p> <p>Music: work associated with the planet earth suite by Hans Zimmer.</p> <p>PSHE: Appreciation of how nature is connected and how it can be enjoyed</p> <p>Understanding concerns and preservation efforts for endangered species</p>
<p><b><u>Key Questions</u></b></p> <p>How do animals adapt to their environment?</p> <p>How do peppered moths and Darwin’s creatures show us about adaptation?</p> <p>What are the similarities and differences between early hominids and homosapiens?</p> <p>How are Darwin’s ideas controversial?</p> <p>How has the concept of evolution changed over time?</p> <p>Do chickens prove dinosaurs exist?</p> <p>How have humans evolved and where are they going next?</p>	<p><b><u>Darwin’s Delights!</u></b></p> <p><b><u>Yr 5/6</u></b></p>	<p><b><u>Key Vocabulary</u></b></p> <p>Evolution, Expedition, Microscope</p> <p>Galapagos, Climatic conditions</p> <p>Inheritance, Extinction, Genetic traits</p> <p>Characteristics, Specimen, Adaptation, Variation, Fossils, Species</p> <p>Micro-organisms: bacteria, fungi, protozoa, algae</p> <p>Invertebrates: sponge, cephalopods, arthropods</p> <p>Vertebrates: Finch, giant tortoise, marine iguana, peppered moth</p> <p>Galapagos plants: mangrove (coastal), lava/candelabra, prickly pear cacti (arid), orchids (rainforest)</p>
<p><b><u>Throughout</u></b></p>	<p><b><u>Discrete</u></b></p> <p>Y5 – Instrumental music lessons, RE – Y5 What would Jesus do? RE -Y6 Kingdom of God What kind of King is Jesus? PSHE – Different types of love and care. Healthy relationships. Rights. Importance of sleep. French – Y5 unit 13, Y6 unit 17, Computing – Webpage design</p>	

<b><u>Maths Links</u></b> Interpreting data	<b><u>English Links</u></b> Non-chronological report - animals
<b><u>DT tools and techniques</u></b>	<b><u>Art tools and techniques</u></b> Observational drawing Looking at Darwin's drawings. observational drawings of plants focusing on line, shape, form, pattern, colour. Use microscopes or magnifying glasses to look at fine detail.
<b><u>History knowledge to be remembered</u></b>	<b><u>Evaluation 2019/20</u></b> Not taught in school due to Covid-19