

<p><u>Links to Prior Learning</u></p>	<p><u>Knowledge</u></p> <p>Ancient Greece – a study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world (history) locate the world’s countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, a region in a European country, and a region within North or South America human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water (geography)</p>	<p><u>Cultural Capital</u></p> <p>Book: Y3/4 Theseus and the Minotaur, Y5/6 Pandora’s Box Art: Olympic logos, Greek sculpture Music: Olympic fanfare and theme (John Williams) and national anthems History: The Olympic torch/flame and associated traditions British values - democracy</p>
<p><u>Key Questions</u></p> <p>Why is Ancient Greece important to modern life?</p>	<p><u>Greece and the Olympics!</u></p> <p><u>Yr 3/4</u></p> <p><u>Skills</u></p> <p>Athletics – Evaluating – Understanding Healthy Lifestyles (PE) Mapping – Map Skills (Geography) Listening and Understanding – Performing – Composing – Notating (Music) Historical enquiry and questioning – Chronology – Similarities and differences – Recording Developing ideas – Techniques – Appreciating – Evaluating (Art, sculpture)</p>	<p><u>Key Vocabulary</u></p>
<p><u>Throughout</u></p>	<p><u>Discrete</u></p> <p>Y3 instrumental music lessons Computing – Yr 3 Creating Media Desktop Publishing - Yr 4 Audio Editing RE Y3 What is the trinity? & Does Jesus have authority for everyone? RE Y4 - When Jesus left, what was the impact of Pentecost? & What do Christians learn from the creation story? PSHE – RSE (see policy document) French – 3 Unit 4</p>	

Maths Links

Angles, names of 3D shapes, duration of events, time (seconds, minutes hours), time graphs

English Links

Narrative – Theseus and the Minotaur

DT tools and techniques

Art tools and techniques

Sculpture – busts - clay

History knowledge to be remembered

- Greek pantheon of gods, including Zeus (king of the gods; god of thunder); Hera (queen of the gods; goddess of marriage and childbirth); Poseidon (Zeus’ brother; god of the sea); Hades (Zeus’ brother; god of the dead); Ares (Zeus’ son; god of war); Athena (goddess of wisdom –grew from Zeus’ head!); Aphrodite (goddess of romance and beauty)
 - The Olympics originated as a celebration of Zeus, and the competitions held included running, wrestling and javelin. Competitors from around Greece gathered in Olympia to take part. Only men were allowed to take part.
 - The first great Ancient Greek civilisation was the Minoans, on the island of Crete. They were named after the legendary King Minos, who supposedly owned the minotaur.
 - Alexander the Great, a Macedonian king, conquered the whole of Greece in early 300s BCE. His empire stretched into Egypt and even India, before his death at only 32. One his generals, Ptolemy, became founder of the final dynasty of pharaohs in Egypt.
 - The modern Olympic games were started in 1896, and are played every 4 years. It is now a truly international event, and both men and women can compete in it.
 - The Paralympic Games are sporting competitions for disabled athletes. They originated at Stoke Mandeville Hospital, Aylesbury, when Dr Guttman used sports to rehabilitate injured soldiers from WWII. Nowadays, they immediately follow the Olympic Games.
- Suggested myths to accompany Theseus and the minotaur:
- Daedalus and Icarus (about the inventor of Minos’ labyrinth)
 - Perseus and Medusa (a similarly adventurous myth)
- Suggested class book: Who Let the Gods Out?